Evacuee Life Guide for Foreign Residents

English Version

Name

Languages I can speak

My Neighborhood Disaster Management Group

> Keep this with your disaster preparation map. You can get a map at your local disaster support office.

To begin

This guidebook provides information on how you can evacuate safely and be secure in the event of an earthquake, tsunami, or other natural disasters. Please read this guidebook carefully. Please be prepared to protect yourself and your family from an earthquake, tsunami, or other natural disasters.

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Earthquakes/Tsunamis

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Earthquakes

- Japan is a country that experiences a lot of earthquakes.
 It is impossible to know when an earthquake will occur.
- When an earthquake occurs, electricity, gas, and water are shut off. It becomes difficult to make phone calls. Houses and roads may be destroyed. There may be Tsunamis as well as landslides.



Column Speed of a tsunami

Some tsunamis may approach at the speed of an airplane. If you feel an earthquake while near the ocean, immediately evacuate. There may be an order to evacuate even when you don't feel anything, because of tsunamis triggered by far away earthquakes.



What to do in the event of an earthquake?

Evacuation Flow Chart (Example)



Evacuation flow charts differ by municipality. Ask your local Disaster Support Center (usually in Japanese).

(1) Things to do in the event of earthquake

- When an earthquake happens, first protect yourself.
- Danger of fire, tsunami and a landslide
 Evacuate immediately.
- Please evacuate when your home has been destroyed or looks unsafe.
- Stay at your house if you know that it is safe.

(2) Where to evacuate first

- Evacuate to a nearby evacuation area.
- When you are by the ocean, quickly evacuate to a tsunami evacuation area or a tsunami evacuation building and go to the top of the building.

Most evacuation orders and information on disasters are broadcast in Japanese. Please memorize the following disaster-related terms in Japanese.

Term/phrase	Meaning	Pictogram
Hinanchi (Hinanbasho)	The first place you evacuate to when an earthquake happens. It's in a wide open space such as a park, school yard, etc.	ż
Tsunami hinanbasho (Takadai)	A place to evacuate from tsunamis. It is a hill or mountain higher than the areas around it.	Ť.
Tsunami hinan biru (Tsunamihinan tawaa)	A high building or tower for evacuating from tsunamis.	₩ <u></u> *_

- Everybody including foreigners can use these.
- These are places you evacuate to until it is safe. You cannot stay the night.

A tsunami can arrive quickly. If an evacuation area is far from you, evacuate to a higher place nearby.

Look it up!

Look up the place you should first evacuate to and write it down on page 21.

(3) Things to be aware of when evacuating

Please turn off the gas at your house when you are evacuating. Turn off electric breakers.



Keep the things you need to evacuate (emergency items) in a backpack. Try to carry as little in your hands as possible.

s. 000 000

Look at page 14 for a list of emergency items.

(4) Go to an evacuation center when your home has been destroyed

- After evacuating to an evacuation area, tsunami evacuation area or building, one can return home if there is no risk of fires, tsunamis, or landslides.
- People who have lost their homes should go to an evacuation center.

Japanese terms/phrases used during disasters

Term/phrase	Meaning	Pictogram
Hinanjo	Evacuation center where people live when their homes have been destroyed or may have a risk of collapsing. You can stay there until you can return home, usually a community center or school gym.	F R
	Fraction center (a school gym, etc.)	
Please Lo	ok it up!	
Look up your close center and write it		

How an evacuation center looks inside (gym)



Life in an evacuation center

People gather in evacuation centers when their homes have been destroyed or have a risk of collapsing. Since many people stay at an evacuation center, please be mindful of others around you and follow the rules of the evacuation center.

(1) How an evacuation center is operated

- The evacuation center is operated by members of the neighborhood disaster management group.
 - A neighborhood disaster management group is a group of people who live near evacuation centers that help one another when disasters strike.
 - Because government assistance might not be available immediately, evacuees should help each other by sharing duties at the evacuation center.

(2) What to do at an evacuation center

 When living at an evacuation center, help out the neighborhood disaster management group.
 [Example]

- Help out with preparing food, cleaning, carrying things around, etc.
- Help seniors, the ill, and children.



- For those who know Japanese, talk to other foreigners in easy-to-understand Japanese.
- If you can interpret, please do so.

(3) Rules of evacuation center life

*The following 8 rules are the main rules. The rules differ depending on the evacuation center. Ask any members of the neighborhood disaster management group at the evacuation center.

1 Registering your name

When you arrive to the center, tell your name and address to the staff there.

(2) Evacuation Center Living Space

Ask any members of the neighborhood disaster management group at the evacuation center about the space that you can use.

Don' t enter the spaces assigned to other people.



What an evacuation center is like (Living space)



(Image of dividing living space up by cardboard.)

3 Schedule

- Match your schedules with the people around you as much as possible.
- For those who work at night, do your best not to disturb those who are sleeping.



(4) Items necessary for living

- ▶ Use the items you brought at first.
- Later on, free food, drinks, blankets, etc. will be distributed.
- People requiring special help, such as seniors, children, and the ill, will receive these items first. Line up in order.
- The communal items in the center (such as the stoves, fans etc.) are used by everyone.



What an evacuation center is like (Image of relief goods distribution)



(Image of items for communal use)

5 Trash

Sort your trash in the designated area. Don't leave trash for long periods of time in the living areas.





6 Toilet

Use the designated toilet. There are some toilets that you can't use.

7 Fire

Don't light fires in an evacuation center. Smoke cigarettes in the designated areas.





Smoking area

8 Information

- Check for new information on the evacuation center bulletin board.
- If you don't understand what's written, ask someone at the center.



Evacuation center bulletin board



At the evacuation center, you live with members of the neighborhood association.

It's very hard to live with those who you do not know.

Regularly interact with your neighbors so you can get to know them (greetings, etc.).





Things to do in anticipation of an earthquake

Life at an evacuation center is completely different from regular life. Since there are many people at an evacuation center, some people may not get enough rest and/or fall sick. Prepare yourself before an earthquake hits so that you can continue to live in your own home if it happens.

(1) Preparation inside the home

When an earthquake strikes, furniture falls over, things fall from shelves, and glass breaks. Secure your furniture so that it doesn't move during an earthquake and you don't hurt yourself. Also, make sure that you place your furniture away from your sleeping area and exit.



(2) Household Stockpile

- Utility services might stop and you may be unable to use the toilet due to plumbing damage.
- Please stockpile goods so you are able to continue living at your home after a disaster.



(3) Emergency goods to carry

Put everything you need to evacuate into a backpack.





During heavy rains/typhoons

(1) What are heavy rains/typhoons?

Term/phrase	Meaning
Ooame	Heavy rain. Heavy rains could lead to roads being flooded and rivers overflowing.
Taifuu	Typhoon. Typhoons may bring not only heavy rainfall but also very strong winds. Strong winds may cause flying debris and knock down trees.

Heavy rains and typhoons may cause overflowing of rivers, road flooding and house flooding. There may be landslides, too.



(2) Evacuation during heavy rains and a typhoon

When an evacuation is necessary, there will be announcements on the television, radio, and disaster PA system.

Listen closely to the information* provided by the city or town hall.

If you are close to the ocean or a mountain during heavy rains or a typhoon, even if there is no evacuation information, you should evacuate immediately.

If it's dangerous to go to an evacuation area, stay in a safe area in your house or go to a safe place nearby.

A safe place in your house is somewhere higher and away from cliffs.

*You can get information on earthquakes, tsunamis, heavy rains, typhoons, etc. through the local disaster information e-mail system (usually in Japanese) and the prefectural facebook page.









6 Japanese terms/phrases used during disasters

In times of disaster, there will be a broadcast in Japanese. Learn the terms and their meaning in the chart below.

Term/phrase	Meaning
Yoshin	Aftershock
Shindo	The size of an earthquake tremor (Eg.Shindo 1, Shindo2)
Toukai	Homes and buildings collapsing
Tsunami	A large and powerful wave that comes after an earthquake
Kasai	Fire
Teiden	Power outage
Gakekuzure	Landslides
Ooame	Heavy rains which could result in inundation and river flooding.
Taihuu /Taifuu	Typhoon. Typhoons may bring not only heavy rainfall but also very strong winds. Strong winds may cause flying debris and knock down trees.
Hinan suru	To evacuate to a safe place
Hinan kankoku	Evacuation warning
Hinan shiji	Evacuation order
Hinanchi (Hinanbasho)	Evacuation area. The first place you evacuate to when an earthquake happens. It's in a wide open space such as a park, schooyard, etc.
Tsunami hinan basho (Takadai)	Tsunami evacuation area. A place to evacuate from tsunamis. It is a mountain or hill higher than the areas around it.
Tsunami hinan biru(tawaa)	Tsunami evacuation building(tower). A high building or tower for evacuating from tsunamis.
Hinanjo	Evacuation center where people live when their homes have been destroyed or may have a risk of collapsing. You can stay there until you can return home, usually a community center or school gym.
Takadai	A place higher than the areas around it

Term/phrase	Meaning		
Jishu bousai soshiki	Neighborhood disaster management group created so that people living near evacuation centers can help one another when a disaster strikes.		
Bousai musen	PA system		
 Information on earthquakes, tsunamis, etc. When you're evacuating, do your best to make sure you're getting accurate information. 			
NHK World (Radi	o) 18 Languages http://www3.nhk.or.jp/nhkworld/ja/radio/		
Japan Life Guid (CLAIR)	e You can download the app from the App Store and Google Play. Japan Life Guide You can get general and earthquake information.		
Shizuoka Prefecture Natural Disaster Inform SIPOS RADAR			
Disaster Preventio Shizuoka Prefectu Offical App Official Disaster Prevention App for Shizuoka	12 Languages and Google Play. To be added: Disector Descention in Chimula Defectors		
Shizuoka Prefectu Facebook Disaster Informatior Event Information	Portuguese fb.com/infoshizuoka.por		
Shizuoka Prefectur Multicultural Affairs Div Twitter			

Local Disaster Support Center (Japanese Only)

	Name of city/town	Division in charge	Telephone
lzu area	Shimoda-shi	Bousai anzen-ka	0558-36-4145
	Higashi Izu-cho	Bousai-ka	0557-95-1103
	Kawazu-cho	Soumu-ka Bousai-kakari	0558-34-1913
	Minami Izu-cho	Soumu-ka Bousai-kakari	0558-62-6211
	Matsuzaki-cho	Soumu-ka Shoubou bosai-kakari	0558-42-3963
	Nishi Izu-cho	Bousai-ka	0558-52-1965
East area	Numazu-shi	Kiki kanri-ka	055-934-4803
	Atami-shi	Kiki kanri-ka	0557-86-6443
	Mishima-shi	Kiki kanri-ka	055-983-2650
	Fujinomiya-shi	Kiki kanri-kyoku Kiki kanri-tantou	0544-22-1319
	lto-shi	Kiki taisaku-ka Kiki taisaku-tantou	0557-32-1362
	Fuji-shi	Bousai kiki kanri-ka Bousai taisaku-tantou	0545-55-2715
	Gotemba-shi	Kiki kanri-ka	0550-82-4370
	Susono-shi	Kiki kanri-ka	055-995-1817
	lzu-shi	Bousai-anzen-ka	0558-72-9867
	lzu no Kuni-shi	Kiki kanri-ka	055-948-1482
	Kan'nami-cho	Soumu-ka Anzen-kakari	055-979-8102
	Shimizu-cho	Kurashi anzen-ka Bousai taisaku-kakari	055-981-8205

8

	Name of city/town	Division in charge	Telephone
East area	Nagaizumi-cho	Chiiki bousai-ka	055-989-5505
	Oyama-cho	Bousai-ka	0550-76-5715
Central area	Shizuoka-shi	Kiki kanri soushitsu Kiki kanri-ka	054-221-1012
	Shimada-shi	Kiki kanri-ka Kiki kanri-tantou	0547-36-7320
	Yaizu-shi	Bousai keikaku-ka	054-625-0128
	Fujieda-shi	Daikibo saigai taisaku-ka	054-643-3119
	Makinohara-shi	Bousai-ka	0548-23-0056
	Yoshida-cho	Bousai-ka	0548-33-2164
	Kawanehon-cho	Soumu-ka Jichi bousai shitsu	0547-56-2220
Western area	Hamamatsu-shi	Kiki kanri-ka	053-457-2537
	lwata-shi	Kiki kanri-ka	0538-37-2114
	Kakegawa-shi	Kiki kanri-ka	0537-21-1131
	Fukuroi-shi	Kiki kanri-ka Kiki taisaku-kakari	0538-44-3108
	Kosai-shi	Kiki kanri-ka	053-576-4538
	Omaezaki-shi	Kiki kanri-ka Saigai taisaku-kakari	0537-85-1119
	Kikugawa-shi	Kiki kanri-ka	0537-35-0923
	Morimachi	Soumu-ka Bousai-kakari	0538-85-6302

9 Where to evacuate

O Have your disaster preparation map ready and confirm the following.

(1) Is the area around your house safe? Please make a check mark.

The ocean is nearby. 🛛 📀 Danger of tsunami

- Mountains are close. 📀 Danger of a landslide

If you've checked either of these boxes, you need to evacuate quickly

(2) Where to evacuate

Look up the closest place to which you can evacuate from your house

Where to first go when you evacuate

Evacuation area	•Earthquake •Tsunami	Place name	
		Address	
	•Typhoon •Heavy rain	Place name	
	•Heavy rain	Address	

A place to live temporarily when your house is destroyed



Place name

Address

information/Notes 🔳

10 Disaster Preparedness Notes

O Look up important information that you will need if an earthquake or tsunami hits.

Personal Information

Passport Number	Residence Card Number
Home address	
Name of school/company	ଟ୍ର
Name of school/company	

► Family Info

Passport Number	
Home address	Residence Card Number
Name of school/company	ති
Name of school/company	
Passport Number	
Home address	Residence Card Number
Name of school/company	ති
Name of school/company	

▶ Info of people you know (friends, relatives, etc.)

Name	ති
Name	ති
Name	ති

Public Institutions

Fire & Ambulance 🔞 🛱	119	Disaster Messaging Service	171
Police 🚔	110	Embassy	

Other important numbers

Name	ති
Name	ති
Name	ති



Residence qualifications (what you need to be able to reside in Japan), Japanese language study, health insurance, taxes, work, choosing a school for your child, finding a hospital, etc.and other concerns you may have!

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